

PACKAGE 2 - 13N/14D DETAILED ITINERARY

DAY 1 STAY AT DELHI

DAY 2 FROM DELHI TO JAIPUR 260 KMS 5 HRS DRIVE (1 DAYS)

PLACES TO VISIT IN JAIPUR

- **CITY PALACE JAIPUR** – This Palace was built in 1732 AD by Sawai Jai Singh II. This Palace also includes the famous Chandra Mahal and Mubarak Mahal. This palace depicts the rich culture and heritage of Rajasthan.



- **CHOKHI DHANI** - One can experience high end hospitality when you spend time at Chowki Dhani. Unlimited Rajasthani food served till the time you have an inch of space available in your stomach. They also have so many activities like live Rajasthani dance, Camel Ride, Shopping experiences and much more..



- **AMER FORT** – This fort was built by Raja Man Singh in 1592 AD. This fort was mainly built with Red Sandstone and Marble. This fort has an influence of both Indian and Mughal Architecture.



- **PINK CITY MARKET** – Jaipur offers cultural jewellery, gems, beautifully designed cotton and other clothes, woollen carpets, cotton rugs etc.



DAY 3 FROM JAIPUR TO PUSHKAR 120 KMS 2 HRS – (1 DAYS) AFTERNOON

PLACES TO VISIT IN PUSHKAR

- **PUSHKAR LAKE** - The archeological dating of the lake measures that lake existed even in the 4th century BC. The lake at Pushkar has an incredible historical and religious significance. It is primarily associated with Lord Brahma, who is considered as the creator of the world.



- **BRAHMA JI TEMPLE** – This is one and only temple of Lord Brahma in whole India.



- **LOCAL MARKET** – One can buy traditional items from the market. You can also enjoy wood oven pizza which is very popular in Pushkar.



DAY 4 FROM PUSHKAR TO CHITTORGARH 165 KMS 2.30 HRS – (SAME DAY)

PLACES TO VISIT IN CHITTORGARH

- **CHITTORGARH FORT** – This fort has a very impressive and vast history. The Chittorgarh, also known as Chittod Fort, is one of the largest forts in India. It is a UNESCO World Heritage Site. The fort was the capital of Mewar and is located in the present-day city of Chittorgarh. One may Google to get the complete information.



DAY 4 FROM CHITTORGARH TO UDAIPUR 110 KMS 2 HRS – (2 DAYS)

PLACES TO VISIT IN UDAIPUR

- **CITY PALACE UDAIPUR** - City Palace, Udaipur is a palace complex situated in the city of Udaipur in the Indian state of Rajasthan. It was built over a period of nearly 400 years, with contributions from several rulers of the Mewar dynasty.



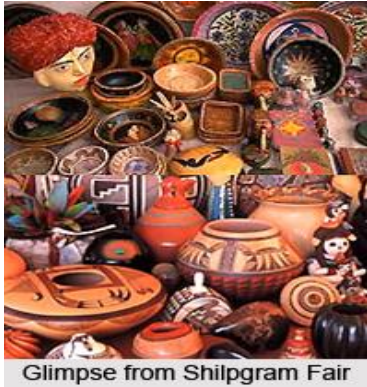
- **LAKE PICHOLA** - Lake Pichola, situated in Udaipur city in the Indian state of Rajasthan, is an artificial fresh water lake, created in the year 1362, named after the nearby Picholi village. It is one of the several contiguous lakes, and developed over the last few centuries in and around the famous Udaipur city.



- **KARNI MATA TEMPLE VIA ROPEWAY** - Shri Manshapurna Karni Mata Temple is a Hindu temple located on the Machla Magra Hills, near the Doodh Talai Lake in Udaipur, Rajasthan. It enshrines the stone idol of Karni Mata. There are views from the temple of the city and its lakes. You can visit the temple via ropeway.



- **SHILPGRAM** - Shilpgram, a rural district bordering Fateh Sagar Lake, is known for Shilpgram Crafts Village, a sprawling open-air attraction with traditional-style huts containing tools and everyday items from diverse regions of western India. Artisans demonstrate craft making, a bazaar sells handicrafts and Rajasthani textiles, and an amphitheater hosts live music and folk dancing. A few relaxed eateries dot the countryside.



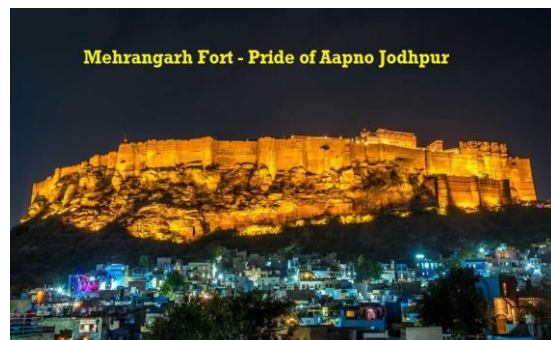
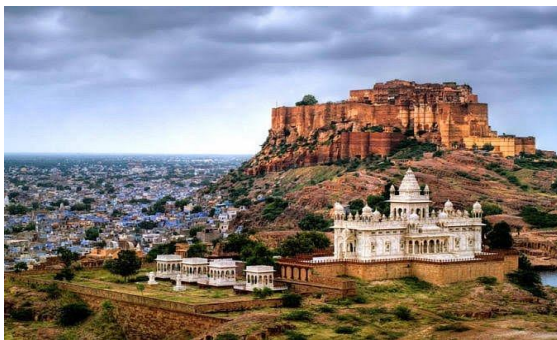
Glimpse from Shilpgram Fair



DAY 6 FROM UDAIPUR TO JODHPUR 250 KMS 5.30 HRS – (2 DAYS)

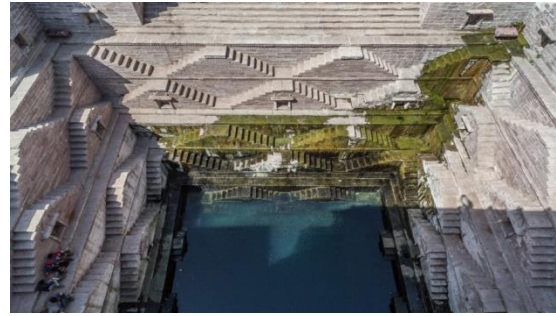
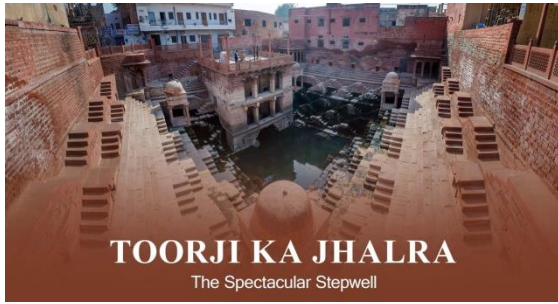
PLACES TO VISIT IN JODHPUR

- **MEHRANGARH FORT JODHPUR**- Mehrangarh Fort covers an area of 1,200 acres in Jodhpur, Rajasthan, India. The complex is located on a hilltop around 122 metres above the surrounding plain, and was constructed circa 1459 by Rajput ruler Rao Jodha, though most of the existing structure is from the 17th century.



Mehrangarh Fort - Pride of Aapno Jodhpur

- **TOORJI KA JHALRA JODHPUR** – Fine Architectural display of stepwell. Popular for photos, this restored 18th-century stepwell features intricate sandstone carvings.



- **UMAID BHAWAN PALACE MUESUEM** - Landmark, architectural and historical heritage.



DAY 8 FROM JODHPUR TO JAISALMER 285 KMS 5.30 HRS – (2 DAYS)

PLACES TO VISIT IN JAISALMER

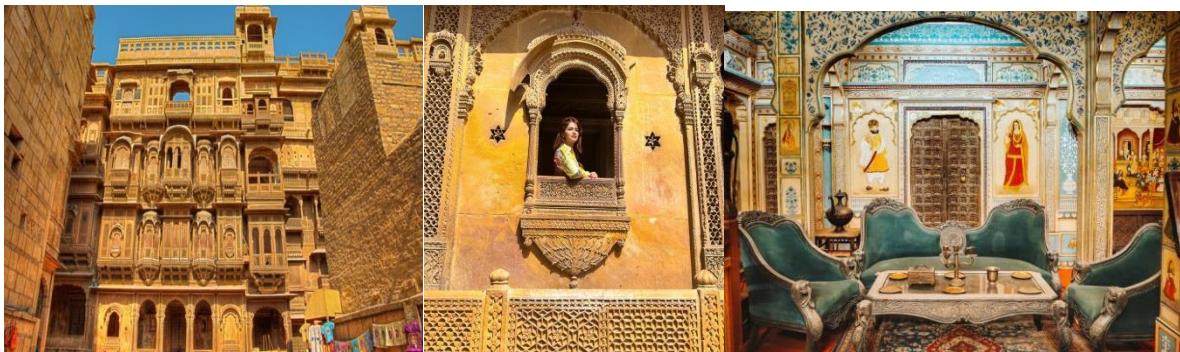
- **JAISALMER FORT** - Jaisalmer Fort is situated in the city of Jaisalmer, in the Indian state of Rajasthan. It is believed to be one of the very few "living forts" in the world, as nearly one fourth of the old city's population still resides within the fort. For the better part of its 860-year history, the fort was the city of Jaisalmer.



- **SAM SAND DUNES DESERT SAFARI** – Endless desert with spectacular views. Must enjoy overnight camping at Sam Sand Dunes wherein folk dances, folk singing etc with sumptuous food served. One can explore desert with activities like camel safari and jeep safari.



- **PATWON KI HAVELI** - Series of early-1800s palaces, now a museum featuring intricate carvings, furniture & artwork.



- **LONGEWALA BORDER** - Longewala is a border town in the Thar Desert in the western part of Jaisalmer district, in the state of Rajasthan, India. Battle of India v/s Pakistan was fought in year 1965 at Longewala border. Debris of Pakistani's tanks and other war equipments are placed there.



- **TANOT RAI MATA TEMPLE** - Hindu temple with colorful shrines & circa-1965 Indo-Pakistani War memorabilia on display. This temple is so much blessed by Mata Tanot Rai that during the Indo Pak war there were 3000 shells dropped by Pakistan Army around the temple but not even single one exploded. One can see live unexploded shells kept in the temple. Now this temple is maintained by BSF.



DAY 10 FROM JAISALMER TO BIKANER 330 KMS 7 HRS – (2 DAYS)

PLACES TO VISIT IN BIKANER

- **JUNAGARH FORT BIKANER** - Junagarh Fort is one of the most well-known forts in Bikaner having magnificent architecture and deep historical significance. The fort has an array of temples, museums, and palaces within it such as Karan Mahal, Anup Mahal, Phool Mahal, Chandra Mahal, and many havelis.



- **KARNI MATA TEMPLE BIKANER** - Karni Mata, known by various names such as Bhagwati, Mehaai, Jagdamba, and Kiniyani is a Hindu Goddess of power and victory described as a warrior sage who lived between 14th to 16th century in Western Rajasthan. Karni Mata is the tutelary deity of the Rajputs and Charans of northwestern India. There are more than 25000 mice in the temple who came in the evening to temple. It's still a mystery that from where all these mouse come from.



DAY 12 FROM BIKANER TO NEEMRANA 360 KMS 9 HRS – (1 DAYS)

ROYAL STAY NEEMRANA FORT & RESORT

- **NEEMRANA FORT RESORT** - Built in the 15th century, the Neemrana Fort now functions as India's oldest heritage resorts. The Fort is famous for being one of the oldest and best-preserved heritage sites in all of the country. One can feel Royal experience staying in the fort resort.



DAY 13 NEEMRANA TO NEW DELHI 100 KMS 2 HRS

SIGHTSEEING IN NEW DELHI DEPENDING UPON THE TIME

STAY AT NEW DELHI

DAY 14 DEPARTURE FROM DELHI WITH NOTE OF THANKS